(Original Signature	of Member)

109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R.

To amend chapter 111 of title 28, United States Code, to limit the duration of Federal consent decrees to which State and local governments are a party, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Blunt (for himself and Mr. Cool	PER) introduced the following bill; which
was referred to the Committee on	

A BILL

- To amend chapter 111 of title 28, United States Code, to limit the duration of Federal consent decrees to which State and local governments are a party, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Federal Consent De-
- 5 cree Fairness Act".



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1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

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<u> </u>	Congress	nnas	tne	1010	owing

- (1) Consent decrees are made for remedying violations of rights, and they should not be used to advance any policy extraneous to the protection of those rights.
 - (2) Consent decrees are also made for protecting the party who faces imminent injury and should not be expanded to apply to parties not involved in the litigation.
 - (3) In structuring consent decrees, courts should take into account the interests of State and local governments in managing their own affairs.
 - (4) Consent decrees should, whenever possible, be structured to give due deference to the policy judgments of State and local officials as to how to obey the law.
 - (5) Courts should not impose consent decrees that require technically complex and evolving policy choices, especially in the absence of judicially discoverable and manageable standards.
 - (6) Consent decrees should not be unlimited, but should contain an explicit and realistic strategy for ending court supervision.



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1	SEC. 3. LIMITATION ON CONSENT DECREES.
2	(a) In General.—Chapter 111 of title 28, United
3	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"§ 1660. Consent decrees
6	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
7	"(1) The term 'consent decree'—
8	"(A) means any final order that imposes
9	injunctive relief against a State or local govern-
10	ment, or a State or local official sued in his or
11	her official capacity, is entered by a court of the
12	United States, and is based in whole or part
13	upon the consent or acquiescence of the parties
14	"(B) does not include private settlements:
15	and
16	"(C) does not include any final order en-
17	tered by a court of the United States—
18	"(i) to implement a plan to end seg-
19	regation of students or faculty on the basis
20	of race, color, or national origin in elemen-
21	tary schools, secondary schools, or institu-



tions of higher education; or

"(ii) to remedy discrimination on the

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1	"(2) The term 'special master' means any per-
2	son, regardless of title or description given by the
3	court, who is appointed by a court of the United
4	States under rule 53 of the Federal Rules of Civil
5	Procedure, rule 48 of the Federal Rules of Appellate
6	Procedure, or similar Federal law.
7	"(b) Limitation on Duration.—
8	"(1) In general.—A State or local govern-
9	ment, or a State or local official sued in his or her
10	official capacity, or a successor to such official, may
11	file a motion under this section with the court that
12	entered a consent decree to modify or vacate the
13	consent decree upon the earlier of—
14	"(A) 4 years after a consent decree is
15	originally entered by a court of the United
16	States, regardless of whether the consent decree
17	has been modified or reentered during that pe-
18	riod; or
19	"(B) in the case of a civil action in
20	which—
21	"(i) a State is a party (including an
22	action in which a local government is also
23	a party), the expiration of the term of of-

fice of the highest elected State official



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1	who authorized the consent of the State in
2	the consent decree; or
3	"(ii) a local government is a party and
4	the State encompassing the local govern-
5	ment is not a party, the expiration of the
6	term of office of the highest elected local
7	government official who authorized the
8	consent of the local government to the con-
9	sent decree.
10	"(2) Burden of proof.—With respect to any
11	motion filed under paragraph (1), the burden of
12	proof shall be on the party who originally filed the
13	civil action to demonstrate that the continued en-
14	forcement of a consent decree is necessary to uphold
15	a Federal right.
16	"(3) Ruling on motion.—Not later than 90
17	days after the filing of a motion under this sub-
18	section, the court shall rule on the motion.
19	"(4) Effect pending ruling.—If the court
20	has not ruled on the motion to modify or vacate the
21	consent decree during the 90-day period described
22	under paragraph (3), the consent decree shall have
23	no force or effect for the period beginning on the
24	date following that 90-day period through the date

on which the court enters a ruling on the motion.



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1	"(c) Special Masters.—
2	"(1) Compensation.—The compensation to be
3	allowed to a special master overseeing any consent
4	decree under this section shall be based on an hourly
5	rate not greater than the hourly rate established
6	under section 3006A of title 18, for payment of
7	court-appointed counsel, plus costs reasonably in-
8	curred by the special master.
9	"(2) Termination.—In no event shall the ap-
10	pointment of a special master extend beyond the ter-
11	mination of the relief granted in the consent de-
12	cree.".
13	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
14	The table of sections for chapter 111 of title 28, United
15	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
16	lowing:
	"1660. Consent decrees.".
17	SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.
18	The amendments made by this Act shall take effect
19	on the date of enactment of this Act and apply to all con-
20	sent decrees regardless of—
21	(1) the date on which the final order of a con-
22	sent decree is entered; or
23	(2) whether any relief has been obtained under

a consent decree before the date of enactment of this



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Act.